Condensed interim consolidated financial statements of MTY Food Group Inc.

For the three and six-month periods ended May 31, 2020 and May 31, 2019

Condensed interim consolidated statements of income (loss)

For the three and six-month periods ended May 31, 2020 and May 31, 2019 (In thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

		Three months ended May 31		Six mor ended Ma	
	Notes	2020	2019	2020	2019
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenue	14 and 16	97,808	125,571	248,588	232,868
Expenses	15 and				
Operating expenses	15 and 16	79,619	91,426	189,668	170,347
Depreciation – property, plant and equipment and right- of-use assets		4,784	797	8,625	1,536
Amortization – intangible assets		8,392	7,096	15,547	13,647
Interest on long-term debt		4,302	3,543	9,480	6,685
Net interest expense on leases		675	-	1,277	—
Impairment charge on right-of-use assets	6	1,383	-	1,610	
Impairment charge – property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and goodwill	8	120,266	958	120,266	958
		219,421	103,820	346,473	193,173
Share of net profit of a joint venture accounted for using the equity method		24	_	330	_
Other income (expenses)					
Unrealized and realized foreign exchange gain		585	364	485	372
Interest income		187	74	369	239
Gain on de-recognition/lease modification of lease liabilities		2,525	_	2,525	_
Gain (Loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment, assets held for sale and intangible assets		(199)	1,493	(372)	1,566
Revaluation of financial liabilities recorded at fair value		192	873	389	1,869
		3,290	2,804	3,396	4,046
Income (loss) before taxes		(118,299)	24,555	(94,159)	43,741
Income tax (recovery) expense					
Current		(242)	4,710	3,720	9,997
Deferred		(18,941)	512	(17,818)	(373)
		(19,183)	5,222	(14,098)	9,624
Net income (loss)		(99,116)	19,333	(80,061)	34,117
Net income (loss) attributable to: Owners Non-controlling interests		(99,126) 10	19,337 (4)	(80,118) 57	34,085 32
		(99,116)	19,333	(80,061)	34,117
Income (loss) per share	11				
Basic		(4.01)	0.76	(3.23)	1.35
Diluted		(4.01)	0.76	(3.23)	1.35

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Condensed interim consolidated statements of comprehensive income For the three and six-month periods ended May 31, 2020 and May 31, 2019 (In thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts) (Unaudited)

Three months Six months ended May 31 ended May 31 2019 2019 2020 2020 \$ \$ \$ \$ Net income (loss) (99, 116)19,333 (80,061) 34,117 Items that may be reclassified subsequently to net income (loss) Unrealized gain on translation of foreign operations 20,079 28,085 9,815 14,229 Deferred tax expense on foreign currency translation (1,375) (1,090)adjustments (1,913)(767) Other comprehensive income 18,704 13,139 26,172 9,048 Total comprehensive income (loss) (80,412) 32,472 (53, 889)43,165 Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to: (80, 422)(53, 946)**Owners** 32.476 43.133 **Non-controlling interests** 32 10 (4)57 (53, 889)43,165 (80,412) 32,472

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Condensed interim consolidated statements of changes in shareholders' equity

For the six-month period ended May 31, 2020 and May 31, 2019

(In thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

		Reserves							
	Capital stock	Other	Contributed surplus	Foreign currency translation	Total reserves	Retained earnings	Total	Equity attributable to non- controlling interests	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
For the six months ended May 31, 2020									
Balance, beginning of period	310,939	(850)	2,095	(736)	509	353,300	664,748	732	665,480
Adjustment on adoption of IFRS 16 (net of tax) (Note 3)	_	_	_	—	—	(10,692)	(10,692)	—	(10,692)
Adjusted balance, beginning of period	310,939	(850)	2,095	(736)	509	342,608	654,056	732	654,788
Net income (loss)	_	—	—	_	_	(80,118)	(80,118)	57	(80,061)
Other comprehensive income	_	—	_	26,172	26,172	_	26,172	_	26,172
Total comprehensive loss							(53,946)	57	(53,889)
Shares repurchased and cancelled (Note 12)	(4,524)	_	_	_	_	(14,342)	(18,866)	_	(18,866)
Dividends	_	_	_	_	_	(4,633)	(4,633)	—	(4,633)
Shared-based compensation	_	_	481		481	_	481	—	481
Balance, end of period	306,415	(850)	2,576	25,436	27,162	243,515	577,092	789	577,881

			Res	erves					
	Capital stock	Other	Contributed surplus	Foreign currency translation		Retained earnings	Total	Equity attributable to non- controlling interests	Total
_	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
For the six months ended May 31, 2019									
Balance, beginning of period	312,161	(850)	1,512	450	1,112	296,341	609,614	1,281	610,895
Net income	—	_	—	—	—	34,085	34,085	32	34,117
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_	9,048	9,048		9,048		9,048
Total comprehensive income							43,133	32	43,165
Dividends	_	_	_	_	_	(8,410)	(8,410)	(165)	(8,575)
Shared-based compensation			292	_	292	_	292	_	292
Acquisition of non-controlling interest in 9974644 Canada Inc.	_	_	_	_	_	2	2	(112)	(110)
Balance, end of period	312,161	(850)	1,804	9,498	10,452	322,018	644,631	1,036	645,667

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Condensed interim consolidated statements of financial position

As at May 31, 2020 and November 30, 2019 (In thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts) (Unaudited)

	Notes	May 31, 2020	November 30, 2019
		\$	\$
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash		49,913	50,737
Accounts receivable	4	64,430	65,129
Inventories		9,924	7,531
Assets held for sale	5	· _	10,459
Loans receivable		2,239	4,082
Finance lease receivables	6	102,774	
Income taxes receivable		603	563
Other assets		1,860	2,008
Prepaid expenses and deposits		8,063	9,284
		239,806	149,793
Loans receivable		2,954	3,063
Finance lease receivables	6	391,870	
Contract cost asset	0	5,516	6,074
Deferred income tax		5,510	238
Investment in a joint venture	7	28,367	200
Property, plant and equipment	8	17,996	21,363
Right-of-use-assets	6	74,215	21,505
Intangible assets	8	916,233	958,099
Goodwill	8	454,891	510,171
Goodwill	0	2,131,925	1,648,801
Liabilities and Shareholders' equity Liabilities Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		101,080	100,762
Provisions		9,861	13,421
Gift card and loyalty program liabilities		101,657	92,800
Income taxes payable		17,244	20,506
Deferred revenue and deposits		14,541	18,761
Current portion of long-term debt	10	8,108	4,592
Current portion of lease liabilities	_	118,503	_
		370,994	250,842
Long-term debt	10	527,918	536,058
Lease liabilities		467,148	—
Deferred revenue and deposits		45,364	38,216
Deferred income taxes		142,620	158,205
		1,554,044	983,321

Condensed interim consolidated statements of financial position (continued)

As at May 31, 2020 and November 30, 2019 (In thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	May 31, 2020	November 30, 2019
	\$	\$
Shareholders' equity		
Equity attributable to owners		
Capital stock	306,415	310,939
Reserves	27,162	509
Retained earnings	243,515	353,300
	577,092	664,748
Equity attributable to non-controlling interests	789	732
	577,881	665,480
	2,131,925	1,648,801

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Approved by the Board on July 9, 2020

_____, Director

_____, Director

Condensed interim consolidated statements of cash flows

For the three and six-month periods ended May 31, 2020 and 2019 (In thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

		Three months ended May 31		Six mo ended N	
	Notes	2020	2019	2020	2019
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Operating activities					
Net income (loss)		(99,116)	19,333	(80,061)	34,117
Adjusting items:					
Interest on long-term debt		4,302	3,543	9,480	6,685
Net interest expense on leases		675	-	1,277	_
Depreciation – property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets		4,784	797	8,625	1,536
Amortization – intangible assets		8,392	7,096	15,547	13,647
Impairment charge – property, plant and equipment	8	2,030	958	2,030	958
Impairment charge – right-of-use	0				
assets	6	1,383	-	1,610	
Impairment charge – intangible assets and goodwill Share of net profit of a joint venture	8	118,236	-	118,236	—
accounted for using the equity method		(24)	_	(330)	_
Gain on de-recognition/lease modification of lease liabilities		(2,525)	_	(2,525)	_
Gain (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment, assets held for sale and intangible assets		199	(1,493)	372	(1,566)
Gain on revaluation of financial liabilities recorded at fair value		(100)	(0-0)	<i>(</i> -)	(4,000)
through profit or loss		(192)	(873)	(389)	(1,869)
Income tax expense (recovery)		(19,183)	5,222	(14,098)	9,624
Share based payments		235	137	481	292
		19,196	34,720	60,255	63,424
Income taxes (paid) received		35	(6,158)	(6,059)	(11,950)
Interest paid		(4,164)	(2,964)	(8,932)	(5,556)
Other		(1,129)	-	(1,419)	
Changes in non-cash working capital items	17	5,269	(4,521)	6,342	1,916
Cash flows provided by operating activities		19,207	21,077	50,187	47,834
Investing activities					
Net cash outflow on acquisitions		_	(265,939)	_	(286,845)
Cash acquired through acquisitions		_	6,641	_	6,641
Additions to property, plant and equipment		(316)	(1,212)	(1,435)	(3,166)
Additions to intangible assets		(618)	(231)	(1,267)	(295)
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment, assets held for sale and					
intangible assets		10,653	2,133	12,179	2,308
Investment in a joint venture		_	-	(19,105)	
Cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities		9,719	(258,608)	(9,628)	(281,357)

Condensed interim consolidated statements of cash flows (continued)

For the three and six-month periods ended May 31, 2020 and 2019 (In thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

		Three months ended May 31		Six mo ende May	ed
	Notes	2020	2019	2020	2019
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Financing activities					
Issuance of long-term debt		_	255,395	20,000	278,395
Repayment of long-term debt		(25,000)	(6,681)	(33,487)	(21,039)
Lease payments		(3,293)	_	(6,911)	_
Shares repurchased and cancelled	12	(9,206)		(18,866)	_
Capitalized financing cost	9	(525)	(314)	(525)	(314)
Dividends paid to non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries		_	(140)	_	(165)
Acquisition of the non-controlling interest of					
9974644 Canada Inc.		—	(110)	—	(110)
Dividends paid			(4,153)	(4,633)	(8,410)
Cash flows provided by (used in) financing					
activities		(38,024)	243,997	(44,422)	248,357
Net increase (decrease) in cash		(9,098)	6,466	(3,863)	14,834
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash	1	2,231	658	3,039	343
Cash, beginning of period		56,780	40,357	50,737	32,304
Cash, end of period		49,913	47,481	49,913	47,481

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

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Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements For the three and six-month periods ended May 31, 2020 and 2019 (In thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

1. Description of the business

MTY Food Group Inc. (the "Company") is a franchisor in the quick service and casual dining food industry. Its activities consist of franchising and operating corporate-owned locations as well as the sale of retail products under a multitude of banners. The Company also operates a distribution center and a food-processing plant, both of which are located in the province of Quebec.

The Company is incorporated under the *Canada Business Corporations Act* and is listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX"). The Company's head office is located at 8210 Trans-Canada Highway, Ville Saint-Laurent, Quebec.

2. Basis of preparation

The unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements ("financial statements") have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") 2, Leasing Transactions, that is within the scope of IFRS 16, Leases, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realizable value in International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 2, Inventories, or value in use in IAS 36, Impairment of Assets.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorized into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can
 access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the functional currency of the Company, and tabular amounts are rounded to the nearest thousand (\$000) except when otherwise indicated.

Statement of compliance

The Company's unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting and apply the same accounting policies as those described in the Company's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended November 30, 2019, prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), with the exception of joint arrangements disclosed below or in Note 7 to these financial statements.

These financial statements do not include all of the information required under IFRS for complete financial statements and should therefore be read in conjunction with the Company's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended November 30, 2019 and the adoption of IFRS 16, leases as disclosed below in note 3.

The financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on July 9, 2020.

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements For the three and six-month periods ended May 31, 2020 and 2019 (In thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

2. Basis of preparation (continued)

Seasonality

Results of operations for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for the full year. The Company expects that seasonality will continue to be a factor in the quarterly variation of its results. For example, the Frozen treat category, which is a significant category in the US market, varies significantly during the winter season as a result of weather conditions. This risk is offset by other brands which have better performance during winter seasons such as Papa Murphy's which typically does better during winter months. The Company expects seasonality and weather conditions to be a factor in the quarterly variation of its results. Sales have been historically above average during May to August due to its frozen treat category. The Company expects that this seasonality will be somewhat offset by the sale of the take-and-bake pizza's at Papa Murphy's which usually sells better when the temperature is cooler. Sales for shopping mall locations are also higher than average in December during the holiday shopping period. For 2020, the normal seasonal trends might be affected by the shifts in consumer behavior caused by the pandemic or government regulations.

Impact of COVID-19

In December 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus was reported to have surfaced in China, later to be renamed Covid-19. The spread of this virus caused business disruption beginning in March 2020, due to the closure or modified operating hours in certain restaurants, and traffic decline in Canada, the USA and Internationally.

Further while the disruption is currently expected to be temporary, there is uncertainty around the duration of the pandemic, its medium to longer term impact on the economy and the rules that will apply to MTY's restaurants as sheltering measures are gradually removed. The impact of the virus and the efforts to stop it impact MTY and many of its franchisees materially.

As a result of the continued and uncertain economic and business impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Company has reviewed the estimates, judgments and assumptions previously used in the preparation of its condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the first quarter of 2020.

The condensed interim consolidated financial statement has been impacted with respect to the following as a result of COVID-19:

- Additional expected credit losses on accounts receivable, loans receivable and lease receivable were taken;
- Expected credit losses on lease guarantees were taken as new provisions;
- Impairment testing on property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets were carried out resulting in impairments;
- Impairment testing on franchise rights, trademarks and goodwill were carried out and material impairments were recorded;
- Provisions for closed stores, and related litigations and disputes were increased to reflect new risks;
- Additional fair value adjustment on the \$100,000 credit facility interest rate swap resulting from the decrease in Canadian borrowing rate;
- Changes to lease liability and lease receivable were made to reflect changes in lease payment terms.

Joint arrangements

Joint arrangements are arrangements in which the Company exercises joint control as established by contracts requiring unanimous consent for decisions about the activities that significantly affect the arrangement's returns. When the Company has the rights to the net assets of the arrangement, the arrangement is classified as a joint venture and is accounted for using the equity method. When the Company has rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities relating to an arrangement, the arrangement is classified as a joint operation and the Company accounts for each of its assets, liabilities and transactions, including its share of those held or incurred jointly, in relation to the joint operation.

Under the equity method of accounting, interests in joint ventures are initially recognized at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Company's share of the profits or losses and movements in other comprehensive income (OCI) of the investee. When the Company's share of losses in a joint venture equals or exceeds its interests in the joint ventures, the Company does not recognize further losses unless it will incur obligations or make payments on behalf of the joint ventures.

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements For the three and six-month periods ended May 31, 2020 and 2019

(In thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

2. Basis of preparation (continued)

Joint arrangements (Continued)

Unrealized gains resulting from transactions with joint ventures are eliminated, to the extent of the Company's share in the joint venture. For sales of products or services from the Company to its joint ventures, the elimination of unrealized profits is considered in the carrying value of the investment in equity-accounted investees in the condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position and in the share in profit or loss of equity-accounted investees in the condensed interim consolidated statement of income.

3. Changes in accounting policies

Policies applicable beginning December 1, 2019

Impact of the application of IFRS 16, Leases

On December 1, 2019, the Company adopted IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach. The Company has not restated the comparatives for the 2019 financial year, as permitted under the specific transitional provisions in the standard. The impact from the new leasing standard is therefore recognized in the opening balance sheet on December 1, 2019.

IFRS 16 introduces new or amended requirements with respect to lease accounting. The standard provides a comprehensive model for the identification of lease arrangements and their treatment in the financial statements of both lessees and lessors. It supersedes IAS 17, Leases, and its associated interpretive guidance. It introduces significant changes to lessee accounting by removing the distinction between operating and finance leases and requiring the recognition of a right-of-use asset and corresponding lease liability at the commencement of all leases (subject to limited exceptions for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets). Lease-related expenses previously recorded in operating expenses, primarily as occupancy costs will be recorded as depreciation on the right-of-use assets and a finance charge from unwinding the discount on the lease liabilities. When the Company is the lessor, lease-related revenues previously recorded in rental revenue will be recorded as finance income. IFRS 16 will also change the presentation of cash flows relating to leases in the Company's condensed interim consolidated statements of cash flows, but it does not cause a difference in the amount of cash transferred between the parties of a lease. Although the standard did not change the accounting for most lessors significantly, it does change the manner in which the intermediate lessor determines the classification of sublease arrangements between operating and finance leases. Under IFRS 16, this assessment is determined relative to whether the sublease transfers significant risks and rewards of the right-of-use asset.

In applying IFRS 16 for the first time, the Company has elected to use the following practical expedients permitted by the standard:

- the Company has not reassessed, under IFRS 16, contracts that were identified as leases under the previous accounting standards (IAS 17 and IFRIC 4);
- the use of the provision for onerous leases as an alternative to performing an impairment review;
- the right to exclude initial direct costs from the measurement of the right-of-use asset at the date of initial application;
- the accounting for operating leases with a remaining lease term of less than 12 months as at December 1, 2019 as short-term leases and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value;
- the use of hindsight in determining the lease term where the contract contains options to extend or terminate the lease.

The impact of the adoption of IFRS 16 on the Company's financial statements is described below.

Impact on lessee accounting

IFRS 16 changes how the Company accounts for leases previously classified as operating leases under IAS 17, which were off-balance-sheet.

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

For the three and six-month periods ended May 31, 2020 and 2019 (In thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

3. Changes in accounting policies (continued)

Policies applicable beginning December 1, 2019 (continued)

Impact of the application of IFRS 16, Leases (continued)

Applying IFRS 16, for all leases (except as noted below), the Company;

- recognized right-of-use assets and lease liabilities in the condensed interim consolidated statements of financial position, initially measured at the present value of future lease payments;
- recognized depreciation of right-of-use assets and interest on lease liabilities in the condensed interim consolidated statements of income; and
- separated the total amount of cash paid into a principal portion (presented within financing activities) and interest (presented within operating activities) in the condensed interim consolidated statements of cash flows.

Under IFRS 16, right-of-use assets are tested for impairment in accordance with IAS 36. This replaces the previous requirement to recognize a provision for onerous lease contracts.

For short-term leases (lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low-value assets, the Company has opted to recognize a lease expense on a straight-line basis as permitted by IFRS 16. This expense is presented within operating expenses, primarily as occupancy costs in the condensed interim consolidated statements of income.

On adoption of IFRS 16, the Company recognized lease liabilities in relation to leases which had previously been classified as operating leases under the principles of IAS 17. These liabilities were measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the Company's incremental borrowing rate as of December 1, 2019. The weighted average lessee's incremental borrowing rate applied to the lease liabilities on December 1, 2019 was 2.749%.

The following table reconciles the operating lease commitments as at November 30, 2019 to the opening balance of lease liabilities as at December 1, 2019:

	\$
Operating lease commitments disclosed as at November 30, 2019	648,445
Discounted using the Company's incremental borrowing rate at December 1, 2019	(52,507)
Short-term leases and low-value leases	(16,228)
Adjustments as a result of a different treatment of extension and	
termination options	34,478
Other	(3,109)
Lease liabilities recognized as at December 1, 2019	611,079

The associated right-of-use assets were measured at the amount equal to the lease liability, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments and impairment relating to that lease recognized in the condensed interim consolidated statements of financial position as at December 1, 2019.

Impact on lessor accounting

As a lessor, leases are still classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases. When the Company enters into a sublease arrangement as an intermediate lessor, the Company accounts for the head lease and the sublease as two separate contracts. The Company is required to classify the sublease as a finance or operating lease by reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease.

For finance subleases, the Company derecognizes the right-of-use asset relating to the head lease that is transferred to the sublessee and recognizes a finance lease receivable in the sublease. Any difference between the right-of-use asset and finance lease receivable is recognized as a gain or loss in the consolidated statements of income. As the intermediate lessor, the Company retains the lease liability on the head lease in its consolidated statement of financial position. During the term of the sublease, the Company recognizes both finance income on the sublease and interest expenses on the head lease.

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

For the three and six-month periods ended May 31, 2020 and 2019 (In thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

3. Changes in accounting policies (continued)

Policies applicable beginning December 1, 2019 (continued)

Impact of the application of IFRS 16, Leases (continued)

As a result of this change, the Company has reclassified most of its sublease arrangements as finance leases. As required by IFRS 9, an allowance for expected credit loss has been recognized on the finance lease receivables.

Financial impact of initial application of IFRS 16

The following table summarizes the adjustments to opening balances resulting from the initial adoption of IFRS 16:

	As previously reported under		
	IAS 17	IFRS 16	
	November 30, 2019	transition	December 1, 2019
		adjustments	2019
Assats	\$	\$	¢
Assets			
Current assets			
Finance lease receivables	-	98,256	98,256
Prepaid expenses and deposits	9,284	(1,972)	7,312
Finance lease receivables	—	428,165	428,165
Right-of-use assets	-	68,838	68,838
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Provisions	13,163	(1,274)	11,889
Deferred revenue and deposits	18,761	(2,089)	16,672
-	10,701		
Current portion of lease liabilities	_	111,414	111,414
Lease liabilities	_	499,665	499,665
Deferred income taxes	158,430	(3,737)	154,693
	,	(-,)	,
Reserves			
Retained earnings	353,300	(10,692)	342,608
-			

COVID-19 accounting implications on leases

In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, the IASB has issued amendments to IFRS 16 to allow entities to not account for rent concessions as lease modifications if they are a direct consequence of COVID-19 and meet certain conditions:

- the revised consideration is substantially the same or less than the original consideration;
- the reduction in lease payments relates to payments due on or before June 30, 2021; and
- no other substantive changes have been made to the terms of the lease.

The Company has early adopted this amendment and applied the practicable expedient to all eligible rent concessions.

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements For the three and six-month periods ended May 31, 2020 and 2019 (In thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

3. Changes in accounting policies (continued)

IFRIC 23 - Uncertainty over income tax treatments

In June 2017, the IASB released IFRIC 23 – Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments, which addresses how to determine the taxable profit (loss), tax basis, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates, when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments under IAS 12, Income Taxes. It specifically considers whether tax treatments should be considered independently or collectively and assumptions for taxation authorities' examinations with regard to taxable profit (loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits or tax rates.

IFRIC 23 was adopted effective December 1, 2019 and resulted in no significant adjustment.

4. Accounts receivable

The following table provides details on trade accounts receivable not past due, past due and the related credit loss allowance.

	May 31, 2020	November 30, 2019
	\$	\$
Total accounts receivable	75,147	73,305
Less: Allowance for credit losses	10,717	8,176
Total accounts receivable, net	64,430	65,129
Of which: Not past due Past due for more than 1 day but no more than 30 days	35,425 6,018	48,273 2,943 2,422
Past due for more than 31 days but no more than 60 days	5,632	2,433
Past due for more than 61 days	17,355	11,480
Total accounts receivable, net	64,430	65,129

5. Assets held for sale

During the six-month period ended May 31, 2020, the Company disposed of two portfolios comprised of 7 and 9 corporately owned locations in the US segment that were refranchised upon completion of the sale. The Company received a total consideration of \$11,689 for both portfolios and recognized a loss on disposal of \$140 in its condensed interim consolidated statement of income.

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements For the three and six-month periods ended May 31, 2020 and 2019 (In thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

6. Leases

Leases as a lessee relate primarily to leases of premises in relation to the Company's operations and its corporate store locations. For many of the leases related to its franchised locations, the Company is on the head lease of the premises and a corresponding sublease contract was entered into between the Company and its unrelated franchisee. The sublease contract is substantially based on the same terms and conditions as the head lease.

Leases and subleases typically have terms ranging between 5 and 10 years at inception. The Company does not have options to purchase the premises on any of its leases.

Right-of-use assets

The following table provides the net carrying amount of the right-of-use assets by class of underlying asset and the changes in the period ended May 31, 2020:

	Offices, corporate and dark stores	Store locations subject to operating subleases	Other	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance as at December 1, 2019	55,937	12,088	813	68,838
Additions	15,517	—	—	15,517
Disposals	(2,373)	—	—	(2,373)
Depreciation expense	(5,503)	(629)	(120)	(6,252)
De-recognition	(227)	(639)	—	(866)
Impairment losses	(1,610)	—	—	(1,610)
Other modifications, including transfers	(318)	1	(2)	(319)
Foreign exchange	1,292	—	(12)	1,280
Balance as at May 31, 2020	62,715	10,821	679	74,215

The following table provides the breakdown of interest revenues and expenses recognized in the condensed interim consolidated statement of income relating to leases where the Company is the lessee or lessor:

	Three-months ended May 31, 2020	Six-months ended May 31, 2020
		\$
Interest income on finance lease receivables	3,396	6,833
Interest expense on lease liabilities	(4,071)	(8,110)
Net interest expense on lease	(675)	(1,277)

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements For the three and six-month periods ended May 31, 2020 and 2019

(In thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

6. Leases (continued)

Maturity analysis

The following table sets out a maturity analysis of lease payments, showing the undiscounted lease payments to be paid or received after May 31,2020:

	Leases	Finance sublease receivable	Operating subleases
	\$	\$	\$
2021	134,446	116,255	1,257
2022	117,477	101,695	1,114
2023	98,803	85,548	1,015
2024	79,731	68,411	822
2025	62,071	52,794	813
Thereafter	139,930	105,801	2,109
Total undiscounted lease payments	632,458	530,504	7,130
Unguaranteed residual values		3,076	
Gross investment in the lease	_	533,580	7,130
Less Unearned finance income		(32,982)	—
Present value of minimum lease payment receivables	_	500,598	7,130
Allowance for credit losses	—	(5,954)	—
Current portion finance lease receivables		(102,774)	
Finance lease receivables	_	391,870	_

7. Investment in a joint venture

On December 3, 2019, one of the Company's wholly owned subsidiaries completed its acquisition of a 70% interest in a joint venture that had acquired Turtle Jack's Muskoka Grill, COOP Wicked Chicken and Frat's Cucina (together "Tortoise Group"), three casual dining concepts operating in the province of Ontario, for a consideration of \$27,857, which includes a deferred contingent consideration amounting to \$5,959, an obligation for the premium to repurchase its partner in a joint venture of \$2,793 and cash consideration of \$19,105. The Company has recorded its interest as a long-term receivable. The Company has guaranteed liabilities of the joint venture amounting to \$6,967, which is payable to Tortoise Group upon the repurchase of the 30 % joint venture partner.

8. Property, plant and equipment, Intangible assets and Goodwill

Impairment indicators were identified during the three-month period ended May 31, 2020 due to the adverse impact of COVID-19 which resulted in temporary store closures and reduction in sales at franchised and corporately owned locations. Accordingly, the Company performed impairment testing which resulted in the recognition of \$120,266 of impairment losses for the three and six-months ended May 31, 2020. Of these impairment losses \$2,030 were recognized against property, plant and equipment for corporately owned locations, \$50,269 against intangible assets comprising of franchise rights and trademarks and \$67,967 against goodwill.

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements For the three and six-month periods ended May 31, 2020 and 2019 (In thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

8. Property, plant and equipment, Intangible assets and Goodwill (continued) Impairment by CGU:

	Property plant and equipment	Intangible assets ⁽¹⁾	Goodwill	Total
CGU for testing purposes	\$	\$	\$	\$
Canada	1,581	32,235	_	33,816
US excluding Papa Murphy's	449	18,034	67,967	86,450
	2,030	50,269	67,967	120,266

⁽¹⁾ Composed of \$16,827 and \$33,442 of impairment of franchise rights and trademarks respectively.

The key assumptions used, where the recoverable amount was measured as a CGU's value in use, are those related to uncertainties around the impact of COVID-19 on projected sales and as well as the discount rate. The sales forecasts for cash flows considered the weighted average impact of multiple scenarios based on operating results and internal forecasts prepared by management and long-term growth rates ranging from 0% to 2%. The discount rate used for Canada was 9.0%, while for the US excluding Papa Murphy's was 9.2%. The recoverable amounts for the assets of each respective CGU was \$821,603 for Canada and \$547,997 for the US excluding Papa Murphy's and were both measured at value-in use.

A change of 0.5 % in discounts rates used by the Canada CGU would result in an additional impairment of \$4,727 against the franchise rights and trademarks in that CGU.

A change of 0.5 % in discounts rates used by the US excluding Papa Murphy's CGU would result in an additional impairment of \$4,619 against the franchise rights and trademarks and \$\$30,239 against goodwill.

9. Credit facility amendment

During the three- and six-month periods ended May 31, 2020 the Company modified its existing credit facility payable to a syndicate of lenders. The modification amended its financial covenants for a period of one year. Transaction costs of \$525 were incurred and will be deferred and amortized over the one year period. The revolving credit facility has an authorized amount of \$700.0 million (November 30, 2019 – \$700.0 million), of which \$507.0 million was drawn at May 31, 2020 (November 30, 2019 – \$518.9 million).

The Company has amended its covenants as follows:

The Debt-to-EBITDA ratio must be less than or equal to the following:

- \circ 4.25:1.00 for the financial quarter ending on May 31, 2020
- 4.50:1.00 for the financial quarter ending August 31, 2020 and November 30, 2020
- o 4.25:1.00 for the period beginning on December 1, 2020 and ending on May 30, 2021
- o 3.50:1.00 as of May 31, 2021 and thereafter.

The interest and rent coverage ratio must be at 2.00:1.00 at all times.

The credit agreement also contains various limitations on distributions and on the usage of the proceeds from the disposal of assets. The main limitations on distributions impose restrictions on the issuance of dividends and the repurchase of MTY's common shares through its normal course issuer bid process until such time as the debt-to-EBITDA falls below 3.50:1.00 ratio.

As at May 31, 2020, the Company was in compliance with its financial covenants.

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

For the three and six-month periods ended May 31, 2020 and 2019 (In thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

10. Long-term debt

	May 31, 2020	November 30, 2019
	\$	\$
Non-interest-bearing contract cancellation fees and holdbacks on		
acquisitions	13,190	14,423
Contingent consideration on acquisitions and investment in a joint venture ⁽¹⁾	8,944	3,874
Fair value of promissory notes for Houston Avenue Bar & Grill repayable		
May 2021	—	329
Fair value of promissory notes related to buyback obligation of Houston Avenue Bar & Grill and Industria Pizzeria + Bar ⁽²⁾	2,844	2,738
Fair value non-controlling interest buyback obligation in 10220396 Canada Inc. ⁽²⁾	_	1,549
Fair value non-controlling interest option in 9974644 Canada Inc. ⁽³⁾	1,021	964
Fair value obligation to repurchase partner in a joint venture. ⁽⁴⁾	3,233	_
Fair value of interest rate swap ⁽⁵⁾	2,086	_
Revolving credit facility payable to a syndicate of lenders (6)	507,000	518,922
Credit facility financing costs	(2,292)	(2,149)
	536,026	540,650
Less: Current portion	(8,108)	(4,592)
	527,918	536,058

- ⁽¹⁾ Yuzu Sushi (payable August 2021), Allô! Mon Coco (payable October 2020 and January 2022), Turtle Jack's (payable December 2022)
- Payable June 2022.
- (2) Payable out a Long
 (3) Payable on demand.
- ⁽⁴⁾ Maximum maturity date of December 2025.
- ⁽⁵⁾ Interest rate swap is fixing the interest rate at 2.273% on \$100,000 of the outstanding revolving credit facility until July 21, 2021.
- ⁽⁶⁾ Under the revolving credit facility, the Company has the option to draw funds in Canadian or in US dollars, at its discretion. The facility's maturity is September 23, 2022 and must be repaid in full at that time. As at May 31, 2020, the Company had drawn US\$143,900 and CA\$307,000, (2019 - CA\$518,922) and has elected to pay interest based on the Canadian prime rate plus applicable margins.

11. Income (loss) per share

The following table provides the weighted average number of common shares used in the calculation of basic income (loss) per share and is used for the purpose of diluted income per share:

	Three month May 3		Six months ended May 31		
	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Weighted daily average number of common shares – basic	24,719,227	25,169,778	24,804,242	25,169,778	
Assumed exercise of stock options	_	6,687	_	40,742	
Weighted daily average number of common shares – diluted	24,719,227	25,176,465	24,804,242	25,210,520	

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements For the three and six-month periods ended May 31, 2020 and 2019 (In thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

12. Capital stock

On June 27, 2019, the Company announced the renewal of the normal course issuer bid (NCIB) to purchase up to 1,258,488 of its common shares. The NCIB began on July 3, 2019 and ended on July 2, 2020. The NCIB was again renewed on June 29, 2020 for a period beginning on July 3, 2020 and ending on July 2, 2021 or on such earlier date when the Company completes its purchases or elects to terminate the NCIB. The renewed period allows the Company to purchase 1,235,323 of its common shares. These purchases will be made on the open market plus brokerage fees through the facilities of the TSX and/or alternative trading systems at the prevailing market price at the time of the transaction, in accordance with the TSX's applicable policies. All common shares purchased pursuant to the NCIB will be cancelled.

During the three and six-months ended May 31, 2020, the Company repurchased and cancelled a total of 183,730 and 364,774 (2019 - nil) common shares under the current NCIB, at a weighted average price of \$50.11 and \$51.72 per common share, for a total consideration of \$9,206 and \$18,866 respectively (2019 - nil). For the three and sixmonths ended May 31, 2020 an excess of \$6,927 and \$14,342 (2019 - nil) of the shares repurchase value over their carrying amount was charged to retained earnings as share repurchase premiums.

13. Financial instruments

In the normal course of business, the Company uses various financial instruments which by their nature involve risk, including market risk and the credit risk of non-performance by counterparties. These financial instruments are subject to normal credit standards, financial controls, risk management, and monitoring procedures.

Fair value of recognized financial instruments

Interest rate swap

The Company holds an interest rate swap that is contracted at a fixed rate on a notional amount of \$100,000 and that matures July 21, 2021. The fair value of this interest rate swap amounted to \$2,086 (2019 – nil) and the Company recorded a fair value remeasurement loss of \$1,947 for the three-month period ended May 31, 2020 (2019 – nil) and a loss of \$1,774 for the six-month period ended May 31, 2020 (2019 – nil). The Company has classified this as level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

Cross currency interest rate swap

On May 27, 2020, The Company entered a floating to floating 1-month cross currency interest rate swap. A fair value of nil was recorded as at May 31, 2020.

Receive-Notional	Receive-rate	Pay-Notional	Pay-rate
US\$ 143,900	1.63%	CA\$ 200,000	1.725%

Fair value hierarchy

	Level 3		
	May 31, 2020	November 30, 2019	
Financial liabilities	\$	\$	
Promissory notes for Houston Avenue Bar & Grill	—	329	
Promissory notes related to buyback obligation of Houston Avenue Bar & Grill and Industria Pizzeria + Bar	2,828	2,738	
Contingent considerations on acquisitions and investment in a joint venture	8,944	3,874	
Non-controlling interest buyback options	1,037	2,513	
Obligation to repurchase partner in a joint venture	3,233		
Financial liabilities	16,042	9,454	

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements For the three and six-month periods ended May 31, 2020 and 2019

(In thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

13. Financial instruments (continued)

Fair value of recognized financial instruments (continued)

The Company has determined that the fair value of its financial assets and financial liabilities with short-term maturities approximates their carrying value. These financial instruments include cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and deposits. The table below shows the fair value and the carrying amount of other financial instruments as at May 31, 2020 and November 30, 2019. Since estimates are used to determine fair value, they must not be interpreted as being realizable in the event of a settlement of the instruments.

		May 31, 2020 November 30, 201		
	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial assets				
Loans receivable	5,193	5,193	7,145	7,145
Finance lease receivable	494,644	494,644	_	_
Financial liabilities				
Long-term debt ⁽¹⁾	517,898	518,663	531,196	542,147

⁽¹⁾ Excludes promissory notes, contingent considerations on acquisition, interest rate swap and obligations to repurchase non-controlling interests.

Determination of fair value

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instrument:

Loans receivable and Finance lease receivable – The carrying amount for these financial instruments approximates fair value due to the short-term maturity of these instruments and/or the use of market interest rates.

Long-term debt – The fair value of long-term debt is determined using the present value of future cash flows under current financing agreements based on the Company's current estimated borrowing rate for similar debt.

14. Revenue

	Three months ended					
		May 31, 2020			May 31, 2019 ⁽¹⁾	
	Canada	US & International	TOTAL	Canada	US & International	TOTAL
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Royalties	7,017	21,334	28,351	20,931	21,701	42,632
Franchise and transfer fees	1,404	1,052	2,456	1,338	1,031	2,369
Retail, food-processing and distribution revenues	24,160	606	24,766	19,571	990	20,561
Sale of goods, including construction revenues	3,292	9,979	13,271	13,417	7,239	20,656
Gift card breakage income	25	787	812	_	1,523	1,523
Promotional funds	3,918	12,907	16,825	10,161	9,759	19,920
Other franchising revenue	4,318	3,973	8,291	8,938	6,903	15,841
Other	323	2,713	3,036	977	1,092	2,069
	44,457	53,351	97,808	75,333	50,238	125,571

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

For the three and six-month periods ended May 31, 2020 and 2019 (In thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

14. Revenue (continued)

	Six months ended						
		May 31, 2020			May 31, 2019 ⁽¹⁾		
	Canada	US & International	TOTAL	Canada	US & International	TOTAL	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Royalties	27,950	49,104	77,054	40,047	37,101	77,148	
Franchise and transfer fees	3,032	2,069	5,101	2,644	1,822	4,466	
Retail, food-processing and distribution revenues	49,798	1,753	51,551	41,298	2,072	43,370	
Sale of goods, including construction revenues	13,651	25,290	38,941	22,274	11,797	34,071	
Gift card breakage income	199	2,348	2,547	240	3,095	3,335	
Promotional funds	14,652	27,621	42,273	20,582	16,429	37,011	
Other franchising revenue	14,861	10,677	25,538	17,607	12,037	29,644	
Other	1,571	4,012	5,583	2,065	1,758	3,823	
	125,714	122,874	248,588	146,757	86,111	232,868	

⁽¹⁾ Prior year amounts have been restated to reflect a change in presentation for retail promotional deductions.

15. Operating expenses

	Three months ended					
		May 31, 2020		١	May 31, 2019 ⁽²⁾	
	-	US &	-	-	US &	
	Canada	International	TOTAL	Canada	International	TOTAL
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cost of goods sold and rent	3,617	3,775	7,392	9,540	6,471	16,011
Retail, food-processing and distribution						
costs	20,947	—	20,947	16,667	—	16,667
Wages and benefits	5,515	14,281	19,796	12,697	11,086	23,783
Consulting and professional fees	1,221	2,084	3,305	2,528	4,678	7,206
Gift cards – related costs		798	798	_	2,020	2,020
Royalties	1	978	979	142	1,745	1,887
Promotional funds	3,918	12,907	16,825	10,161	9,759	19,920
Impairment for expected credit losses	2,429	1,211	3,640	(123)	183	60
Other ⁽¹⁾	2,006	3,931	5,937	3,463	409	3,872
	39,654	39,965	79,619	55,075	36,351	91,426

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements For the three and six-month periods ended May 31, 2020 and 2019

(In thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

15. Operating expenses (continued)

	Six months ended					
		May 31, 2020			May 31, 2019 ⁽²⁾	
	Canada	US & International	TOTAL	Canada	US & International	TOTAL
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cost of goods sold and rent	9,080	9,990	19,070	16,095	10,275	26,370
Retail, food-processing and distribution						
costs	44,029	—	44,029	36,420	—	36,420
Wages and benefits	17,678	32,396	50,074	23,628	19,929	43,557
Consulting and professional fees	3,972	4,142	8,114	4,319	6,106	10,425
Gift cards – related costs	_	3,241	3,241	_	4,577	4,577
Royalties	10	2,427	2,437	260	2,650	2,910
Promotional funds	14,652	27,621	42,273	20,582	16,429	37,011
Impairment for expected credit losses	2,734	1,697	4,431	143	274	417
Other ⁽¹⁾	6,041	9,958	15,999	6,725	1,935	8,660
	98,196	91,472	189,668	108,172	62,175	170,347

⁽¹⁾ Other operating expenses are composed mainly of travel and advertising costs and other office administration expenses.

⁽²⁾ Prior year amounts have been restated to reflect a change in presentation for retail promotional deductions.

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements For the three and six-month periods ended May 31, 2020 and 2019 (In thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts)

16. Segmented information

Management monitors and evaluates results of the Company based on geographical segments; these two segments being Canada and US & International. The Company and its chief operating decision maker assess the performance of each operating segment based on its segment profit and loss which is equal to revenue less operating expenses. Within those geographical segments, the Company's chief operating decision maker also assesses the performance of subdivisions based on the type of product or service provided. These subdivisions include franchising, corporate store, food processing, retail and distribution and promotional fund revenues and expenses. This information is disclosed below.

Below is a summary of each geographical and operating segment's performance for the three-month period ended May 31, 2020.

	-	Ċ	ANADA		-								
	Franchising	Processing, distribution Promotional Corporate and retail funds Interco C		Total Canada						Total US & International	Total consolidated		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenue	14,375	2,231	24,193	3,918	(260)	44,457	30,437	9,848	606	12,907	(447)	53,351	97,808
Operating expenses	12,160	2,668	21,215	3,918	(307)	39,654	17,308	10,150	_	12,907	(400)	39,965	79,619
Segment profit (loss)	2,215	(437)	2,978		47	4,803	13,129	(302)	606		(47)	13,386	18,189

Below is a summary of each geographical and operating segment's performance for the three-month period ended May 31, 2019.

		CANADA							US & INTERNATIONAL							
	Franchising	Corporate	Processing, Distribution Pro and Retail ⁽¹⁾	omotional funds	Interco	Total Canada	Franchising	Corporate	Processing, Distribution Pr and Retail	omotional funds	Interco	Total US & International	Total Consolidated			
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			
Revenue	35,396	10,893	19,324	10,262	(542)	75,333	32,679	6,803	990	9,850	(84)	50,238	125,571			
Operating expenses	17,463	11,534	16,442	10,262	(626)	55,075	19,813	6,688	_	9,850		36,351	91,426			
Segment profit (loss)	17,933	(641)	2,882	_	84	20,258	12,866	115	990	_	(84)	13,887	34,145			

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements For the three and six-month periods ended May 31, 2020 and 2019 (In thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts)

16. Segmented information (continued)

Below is a summary of each geographical and operating segment's performance for the six-month period ended May 31, 2020.

	CANADA						US & INTERNATIONAL						
	Franchising	Corporate	Processing, distribution P and retail		Interco	Total Canada	Franchising	Corporate	Processing, distribution Pr and retail	omotional funds		Total US & International	Total consolidated
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenue	51,117	10,644	50,161	14,652	(860)	125,714	69,683	24,901	1,753	27,621	(1,084)	122,874	248,588
Operating expenses	29,060	10,891	44,577	14,652	(984)	98,196	39,724	25,087		27,621	(960)	91,472	189,668
Segment profit (loss)	22,057	(247)	5,584		124	27,518	29,959	(186)	1,753		(124)	31,402	58,920

Below is a summary of each geographical and operating segment's performance during for the six-month period ended May 31, 2019.

		CANADA						US & INTERNATIONAL					
	Franchising	Franchising Corporate		Processing, distribution Promotional Total and retail ⁽¹⁾ funds Interco Canada			Processing, distribution Promotional Franchising Corporate and retail funds				Total US & Interco International		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Deverse	07 707	10 500	40.000	00.000	(4.007)	440 757	57.400	10 517	0.070	40.500	(104)	00.444	000.000
Revenue	67,787	18,566	40,808	20,683	(1,087)	146,757	57,163	10,517	2,072	16,520	(161)	86,111	232,868
Operating expenses	32,778	19,997	35,962	20,683	(1,248)	108,172	34,561	11,094	—	16,520	_	62,175	170,347
Segment profit (loss)	35,009	(1,431)	4,846	_	161	38,585	22,602	(577)	2,072	_	(161)	23,936	62,521

⁽¹⁾ Prior year amounts have been restated to reflect a change in presentation for retail promotional deductions.

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements For the three and six-month periods ended May 31, 2020 and 2019 (In thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts)

17. Interim consolidated statement of cash flows

Changes in non-cash working capital items are as follows:

	Three m ended M		Six me ended l	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Accounts receivable	6,032	(1,870)	1,585	(1,141)
Inventories	(298)	36	(2,303)	400
Loans receivable	(369)	(727)	1,843	199
Other assets	348	402	148	457
Prepaid expenses and deposits	1,961	(368)	154	(1,436)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,031	(1,904)	(2,258)	(2,577)
Provisions	(3,124)	(4,616)	(5,660)	(4,228)
Gift card and loyalty program liabilities	1,942	3,869	8,883	8,113
Deferred revenue and deposits	(2,254)	657	3,950	2,129
	5,269	(4,521)	6,342	1,916

18. Lease agreement guarantees

The Company has guaranteed leases on certain franchise stores in the event the franchisees are unable to meet their remaining lease commitments. The maximum amount the Company may be required to pay under these agreements was \$15,257, as of May 31, 2020 (November 30, 2019 - \$15,057). In addition, the Company could be required to make payments for percentage rents, realty taxes and common area costs. As of May 31, 2020, the Company has accrued \$1,796 (November 30, 2019 - nil) with respect to these guarantees.

19. Related party transactions

Balances and transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries, which are related parties of the Company, have been eliminated on consolidation. Details of transactions between the Company and other related parties are disclosed below.

Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of key management personnel and directors during the periods was as follows:

	Three mont May		Six month May	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Short-term benefits	573	673	1,310	1,463
Share based payment	240	152	508	323
Board member fees	18	18	37	36
Total remuneration of key management personnel	831	843	1,855	1,822

19. Related party transactions (continued)

Key management personnel is composed of the Company's CEO, COO's and CFO. The remuneration of directors and key executives is determined by the Board of Directors having regard to the performance of individuals and market conditions.

Given its widely held share base, the Company does not have an ultimate controlling party; its most important shareholder is its Chair of the Board of Directors, who controls 19.77% of the outstanding shares.

The Company also pays employment benefits to individuals related to members of the key management personnel described above. Their total remuneration was as follows:

	Three montl May		Six months ended May 31		
	2020	2019	2020	2019	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Short-term benefits	125	119	256	231	
Share based payment	2	5	8	10	
Consulting services	—	20	—	38	
Total remuneration of individuals related to key management personnel	127	144	264	279	

The Company has entered into a consulting agreement with one of its joint venture associates to perform corporate business development and management consulting services and paid \$38 to this associate for the three-month period ended May 31, 2020 (2019 - nil) and consulting fees of \$75 for the six-month period ended May 31, 2020 (2019 - nil).